

Slugger Mix

Effective molluscicide

Slugger Mix is a 50/50 mix of Slugger Pellets, produced by **Dry Pelletising** and Slugger Prima, produced by **Wet Extruded** process. The combination of the two products has the following benefits compared to regular pellets:

- Cost effective control
- Longer lifespan of product due to better weather resistance and robust qualities of Wet Extruded Pellets
- More baits per Ha and higher density in bait distribution leading to more effective snail control.

The double active ingredient formulation with 10g/kg **metaldehyde** and 5g/kg **methiocarb** will control **snails and slugs** including the **Dune Snail (Theba Pisana)**

Use Mix For Better Protection

- High quality ingredients
- Weather resistant up to 21 days
- Highly palatable
- Dual active ingredient providing control of snails, slugs and Dune Snail (Theba Pisana)
- Small Pellets size providing more baits per Ha and even distribution



Specifications

Appearance	Green pellets
Average Bait Size Pellets	2.2mm diam, 4 - 5 mm long
Average Bait Size Wet extruded	2.2mm diam, 2.2 mm long
Baits/kg	More than 75 000
Metaldehyde Content	10g/kg
Methiocarb Content	5g/kg
Available Pack Size	25kg 500kg 1 000kg
Process	Dry pelletising & Wet Extrusion
Shelf Life	2 years



PRODUCT INFORMATION



Withholding Periods

Harvest

Horticultural Crops/Vineyards

Do not apply later than 7 days before harvest.

Agricultural Crops

Do not apply later than 8 weeks before harvest.

Pastures/Pulses/Oil Seeds/Winter Cereals

Do not graze or cut for stock food for 5 weeks after application

Continue to monitor the crop and population numbers after applications and make follow up applications if necessary.

Snail monitoring to determine application times and rates

The key to efficient crop protection is continuous monitoring. Structured snail monitoring practices before, and 7 days after application should always be followed to determine snail population and appropriate application rates for effective control. Application rates should be seen as guidelines only and should be adjusted to address your specific snail population based on monitoring results.

Baits are seen as a source of food

Snails, slugs and insects see Slugger baits as food. When they move around looking for food and happen to cross path with a bait, they will feed on it with toxic consequences. They will, at the same time, also feed on natural food sources. The more baiting points on the ground, the higher the likelihood of them feeding on it.

Protection period

Baits that last longer in the field, results in a longer protection period. Weather conditions have a big influence.

Why number of baits/kg is relevant

More baits/kg means more baiting points. This will lead to a higher likelihood of snails and slugs coming across baits in the field. Use 4 baits per slug or snail as a dosage guide. Slugger Mix has more than 75 000 baits per kg.

Timing is crucial

Apply during warmer, moist conditions just after rain when slugs and snails are more likely to feed. During Autumn, Spring and early Summer snails and slugs are known to be very active.

Application Rates

Situation	Application Rates
Agricultural Crops Cereals, oil seeds (including poppies) Pulses	7kg-18kg/Ha
Horticultural Crops Fruit, grapevines Vegetables	7kg-18kg/Ha
Pasture Establishment	6kg-9kg/Ha